Assignment 2 tips

- data structures in Gate.mod

-
```
GATE = POINTER TO RECORD
                    Head: GateDesc ;
                    name: ARRAY [0..MaxCharName]
                          OF CHAR ;
                END ;
```

- the Head field contains a list of all processes performing SleepOn on this GATE

- the name field is used for debugging

InitGate

- to initialize a GATE we need to

-
```
create a new GATE, g
initialize the Head to NIL
and initialize the name field
finally need to return the new GATE, g
```

GateDesc

-
```
GateDesc = POINTER TO RECORD
                        Q   : Queue ;
                        d   : DESCRIPTOR ;
                        e   : EVENT ;
                        time: CARDINAL ;
                    END ;
```

- each item on the GATE list is a GateDesc

- Q: Queue used to contain further GateDesc items

- d: DESCRIPTOR the processes actually performing SleepOn

- e: EVENT the TimerHandler.mod being used

- time: CARDINAL the time the process, d, must SleepOn

SleepOn

- examine function SleepOn to aid understanding of data structures

-
```
PROCEDURE SleepOn (g: GATE;
                   millisecs: CARDINAL)
                   : BOOLEAN ;
VAR
   ToOldState: OnOrOff ;
   WasWoken  : BOOLEAN ;
BEGIN
   ToOldState := TurnInterrupts(Off) ;
   IF g=NIL
   THEN
      WasWoken := FALSE
   ELSE
      WasWoken := PerformSleepOn(g, millisecs)
   END ;
   ToOldState := TurnInterrupts(ToOldState) ;
   RETURN( WasWoken )
END SleepOn ;
```

PerformSleepOn

```
PROCEDURE PerformSleepOn (g: GATE;
                          millisecs: CARDINAL)
                            : BOOLEAN ;
VAR
   gd       : GateDesc ;
   Cancelled: BOOLEAN ;
BEGIN
   Wait(Mutex) ;      (* ensure only one process *)
   NEW(gd) ;          (* can add entities to Q   *)
   WITH gd^ DO
      AddTo(g^.Head, gd) ;   (* do the add to Q *)
      Signal(Mutex) ; (* now allow someone else *)

      (* need to fill in fields of gd *)

      Wait(Mutex) ; (* ensure only one process *)
      e := NIL ;    (* can manipulate the Q    *)
      SubFrom(g^.Head, gd)  (* perform sub Q   *)
   END ;
   DISPOSE(gd) ;     (* tidy up the GateDesc    *)
   Signal(Mutex) ;   (* and allow other procs   *)
   RETURN( Cancelled )   (* were we WokenUp?     *)
END PerformSleepOn ;
```

Middle of `PerformSleepOn`

```
need to fill in the fields of gd,
d needs to be set to the current process
e needs to be set to the EVENT used to
  cause the sleep
time needs to be set to amount of millisecs

local variable Cancelled must be set if WakeUp
was issued to the Gate
```

- examine `Executive.def` to find out how to obtain the current process

- examine `TimerHandler.def` to find out how EVENTs are to be created and used

TimerHandler and EVENTs

- TimerHandler provides the with the ability to make processes sleep for a predetermined time
  - processes can also be woken up

- to create an event use: `e := ArmEvent(` *time in ticks* `)`

- after *all* fields in `gd` have been filled in perform: `Cancelled := WaitOn(e)`

- causes calling process (CurrentProcess) to sleep for a time or until it is `Cancelled`

- finally note that *time in ticks* is not the same as millisecs, thus you will need to convert

TimerHandler.def

```
(*
   ArmEvent - initializes an event, e,
           to occur at time, t.
           The time, t, is measured in ticks.
           The event is NOT placed onto
           the event queue.
*)

PROCEDURE ArmEvent (t: CARDINAL) : EVENT ;


(*
   WaitOn - places event, e, onto the event
           queue and then the calling
           process suspends. It is resumed
           up by either the event
           expiring or the event, e, being
           cancelled.
           TRUE is returned if the event
               was cancelled
           FALSE is returned if the event
               expires.
*)

PROCEDURE WaitOn (e: EVENT) : BOOLEAN ;
```

Cancel

-
```
(*
   Cancel - cancels the event, e, on the
            event queue and makes
            the appropriate process
            runnable again.
            TRUE  is returned if the
                  event was cancelled and
            FALSE is returned is the event
                  was not found or
                  no process was waiting
                  on this event.
*)

PROCEDURE Cancel (e: EVENT) : BOOLEAN ;
```

Testing your Gate.mod or Gate.c

- at present the directory ass5 is set to compile Gate.mod, csn.mod and speed.mod
  - speed.mod is a final message passing speed test

- it might not be appropriate for initial testing of your assignment
  - there are other test programs in this directory
    - ex1.mod and ex2.mod

- to use these test programs, edit makefile
  - alter `MAIN = speed # MAIN = ex1 # MAIN = ex2`
  - to
    ```
    # MAIN = speed
    MAIN = ex1
    # MAIN = ex2
    ```
  - to use ex1.mod etc

Data structure of Gate.mod

- draw a data structure diagram showing 2 processes performing SleepOn on a single GATE