

## Adding auto lights to chisel

- propose to add two options to `txt2pen.py`
  - `-l` to enable auto lights
  - `-f num` to change the default frequency of lights (default is every five squares)

slide 3  
gaius

### Code changes to `chisel/python/txt2pen.py`

```
inputFile = None
defines = {}
verbose = False
debugging = False
autoLights = False
floor = []
rooms = {}
maxx, maxy = 0, 0
doorValue, wallValue, emptyValue = 0, -1, -2
versionNumber = 0.1
lightFrequency = 5
```

- notice the new global variables `autoLights` and `lightFrequency`

slide 4  
gaius

### Code changes to `chisel/python/txt2pen.py`

```
def usage (code):
    print "Usage: txt2pen [-dhlvV] [-f frequency] [-o out]"
    print "  -d debugging"
    print "  -h help"
    print "  -l automatic lighting"
    print "  -f frequency      (every frequency squares pla"
    print "  -V verbose"
    print "  -v version"
    print "  -o outputfile name"
    sys.exit (code)
```

**Code changes to chisel/python/txt2pen.py**

```

class roomInfo:
    def __init__ (self, w, d):
        self.walls = w
        self.doors = d
        self.doorLeadsTo = []
        self.monsters = []
        self.weapons = []
        self.ammo = []
        self.lights = []
        self.autoLights = []
        self.worldspawn = []

```

**Code changes to chisel/python/txt2pen.py**

```

def handleOptions ():
    global debugging, verbose, outputName, autoLights, li

    outputName = None
    try:
        optlist, l = getopt.getopt(sys.argv[1:], 'df:hlo')
        for opt in optlist:
            if opt[0] == '-d':
                debugging = True
            elif opt[0] == '-h':
                usage (0)
            elif opt[0] == '-l':
                autoLights = True
            elif opt[0] == '-f':
                lightFrequency = int (opt[1])
            elif opt[0] == '-o':
                outputName = opt[1]
    except:
        etc...

```

**New function checkLight**

```

def checkLight (p, l, lightCount):
    if lightCount == lightFrequency:
        li = light () # create light
        li.settype ('MID') # on a pillar
        l += [p + [li]] # [position and light]
        lightCount = 0
    else:
        lightCount += 1
    return l, lightCount

```

■ which is called from your introduceLights

**txt2pen changes**

```

def generateRoom (r, p, mapGrid, start, i):
    global verbose, rooms, debugging

    if verbose:
        print "room", r,
    p = moveBy (p, [-1, -1], mapGrid)
    if verbose:
        print "top left is", p
    s = p
    walls, doors = scanRoom (s, p, mapGrid, [], [])
    if debugging:
        print walls
    rooms[r] = roomInfo (walls, doors)
    rooms[r].autoLights += introduceLights (s, p, mapGrid)

```

**function printRoom changes**

```

etc...
o = printMonsters (rooms[r].monsters, o)
o = printAmmo (rooms[r].ammo, o)
o = printWeapons (rooms[r].weapons, o)
if autoLights and (rooms[r].lights == []):
    o = printLights (rooms[r].autoLights, o)
else:
    o = printLights (rooms[r].lights, o)
o = printSpawnPlayer (rooms[r].worldspawn, o)
o.write ("END\n\n")
return o

```

- you need to complete `introduceLights` to make these changes take effect

**function printRoom changes****pen2map**

- `chisel/python/pen2map.py`
  - `pen2map` converts a pen file into a map file (doom3)

**pen2map**

```

$ cd $HOME/Sandpit/chisel/python
$ python pen2map.py -h
Usage: pen2map [-c filename.ss] [-dhmtvV] [-o outputfile]
-c filename.ss  use filename.ss as the defaults for t
-d              debugging
-e              provide comments in the map file
-g type        game type. The type must be 'single'
-h              help
-m              create a doom3 map file from the pen
-s              generate statistics about the map fil
-t              create a txt file from the pen file
-V              generate verbose information
-v              print the version
-o outputfile  place output into outputfile

```

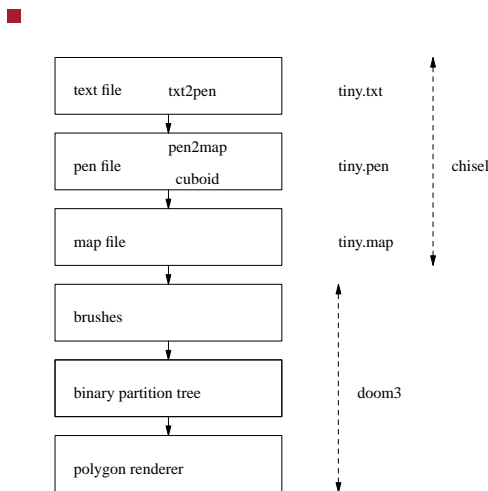
## pen2map overview

- parses a pen file, creates internal data structures representing the pen map
  - it then iterates over the rooms and generates a doom3 map file
- conceptually the generation of the rooms is rather like virtualised lego (within chisel)
  - pen2map generates blocks and places these blocks into a world
  - it will attempt to join blocks together as long as this results in a bigger cuboid structure
- however the doom3 map uses planes and not blocks!

## Construct the program in logical units

- Henry Legard proverb
  - one way to achieve this is to layer the solution
    - divide and conquer
- consider our doom3 tools

## Doom3 and chisel layering



## Minimal box defined in the map format

```
brushDef3
{
  // floor of fbrick
  (0 0 -1 0) ((0.0078125 0 0.5) (0 -0.0078125 -1)) "textures/hell/cbrick2b" 0 0
  // ceiling of fbrick
  (0 0 1 -288) ((0.0078125 0 0.5) (0 -0.0078125 -1)) "textures/hell/cbrick2b" 0
  // top most horizontal of fbrick
  (-1 0 0 -480) ((0.0078125 0 0.5) (0 -0.0078125 -1)) "textures/hell/cbrick2b" 0
  // left most vertical of fbrick
  (0 -1 0 -576) ((0.0078125 0 0.5) (0 -0.0078125 -1)) "textures/hell/cbrick2b" 0
  // bottom most horizontal of fbrick
  (1 0 0 432) ((0.0078125 0 0.5) (0 -0.0078125 -1)) "textures/hell/cbrick2b" 0 0
  // right most vertical of fbrick
  (0 1 0 528) ((0.0078125 0 0.5) (0 -0.0078125 -1)) "textures/hell/cbrick2b" 0 0
}
```

- six planes which define a cuboid

## The second plane

- is the ceiling in our example
- $(0 \ 0 \ 1 \ -288)$   $((0.0078125 \ 0 \ 0.5) \ (0 \ -0.0078125 \ -1))$   
`"textures/hell/cbrick2b" 0 0 0`
- $(0 \ 0 \ 1 \ -288)$ 
  - vector  $(0, 0, 1)$  and the closest it reaches the origin is  $-288$  units
  - this infinite plane will have the texture `textures/hell/cbrick2b` applied to it

## Texture transformation matrix

- the texture uses the transformation matrix,  $T$

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.0078125 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & -0.0078125 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- general transformation matrix is:

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} xscale \cos(\theta) & -yscale \sin(\theta) & translate_x \\ xscale \sin(\theta) & yscale \cos(\theta) & translate_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Each coordinate is transformed by

- $$T = \begin{bmatrix} xscale \cos(\theta) & -yscale \sin(\theta) & translate_x \\ xscale \sin(\theta) & yscale \cos(\theta) & translate_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
- and mapped into the image file at this new grid coordinate
- fortunately we conceptualise chisel as creating a variety of lego bricks (each is a cuboid)
- `pen2map.py` generates floor bricks, wall bricks and ceiling bricks

## Conclusion

- layered software is an important concept which allows large systems to be built and it can hide complexity behind well defined interfaces
- cuboids are represented by brushes in the map
  - six planes define a brush

## Tutorial

- finish off your automatic light code in `txt2pen.py`
- see if you can make the floor level vary
  - by lowering slightly every odd room number floor
  - leave the even room number floor alone
- need to examine and change `pen2map.py`