

## Implementation of Touchmap

- these notes will show the structure of `touchmap.py`
- they also will describe `touchgui.select`
- they will show you how extend touchmap
  - creating an `export` function
  - create a `worldspawn` entity
- also show you how to add your own graphics into the library

slide 3  
gaius

## Implementation of Touchmap

- touchmap is implemented in a single file
- uses a similar structure to the demo programs in `touchgui`

slide 4  
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## Implementation of Touchmap

- `touchmap-0.1/touchmap.py`

```
def main ():
    global players, grid, cell_size

    pygame.init ()
    if full_screen:
        gameDisplay = pygame.display.set_mode ((display_width, \
                                                display_height), FULLSCREEN)
    else:
        gameDisplay = pygame.display.set_mode ((display_width, display_height))

    touchgui.set_display (gameDisplay, display_width, display_height)
    controls = buttons ()

    gameDisplay.fill (touchgui.palette.black)
    while True:
        grid = button_grid (cell_size)
        forms = controls + grid
        touchgui.select (forms, event_test, finished)

main ()
```

## touchgui.select

```

touchgui/touchgui.py
def select (forms, event_test, finished = None, timeout =
    if timeout == -1:
        _blocking_select (forms, event_test, finished)
    else:
        _nonblocking_select (forms, event_test, finished,

```

- two optional parameters: `finished` and `timeout`
- if `timeout` is absent then it calls a blocking version of `select`
  - in which the process will block until an event occurs
  - this is efficient, but forces the main program to be entirely event based
    - furthermore all events must go through the `touchgui/pygame` event queue

## touchgui.select

- sometimes you might want to write programs which use a mixture of event based and some polling
- for example the cluedo server program
  - tests the gui briefly and then checks the network stack for input and rotates icons
    - ideally it would be good to join the network stack to the pygame input event queue and timers
    - in practice this is hard to configure, and `touchgui.select` allows a pragmatic (less efficient) solution
    - can *poll* both

## Cluedo server example code

```

offset = 0
while not selection_complete:
    s, rpc = getRPC (s)
    processRPC (s, rpc)
    playerIcons = positionIcons (players, [1.5, .5], ..
    forms = playerIcons + playerIconsStatic
    gameDisplay.fill (palate.black)
    touchgui.select (forms, event_test, selected, 10)
    offset = (offset + 1) % 360
return players

```

- redraws all tiles in forms.
- `finished` is polled to see if the function should return
  - `finished` is a parameterless function which returns `True` or `False`
- `timeout` is the maximum no. of milliseconds the function can poll.
  - `timeout` is optional and defaults to -1 if absent
- `finished` is also optional

## touchgui.select

## touchgui.select

- Pre-condition
  - forms is a list of tiles.
  - event\_test is which has a single parameter (event)
  - event\_test does not return a value
- Post-condition: None.

## Extending touchgui: adding a worldspawn button

- ```
def worldspawn (name, tap):
    pygame.display.update ()
    if tap == 1:
        print "worldspawn called", name, tap

def glyphs ():
    return [touchgui.text_tile (dark_grey, light_grey, white, mid_grey,
                                's', touchgui.unitY (0.05),
                                touchgui.posX (0.5), touchgui.posY
                                100, 100, worldspawn, "worldspawn")]
```

## Extending touchgui: adding a worldspawn button

- ```
def main ():
    global players, grid, cell_size

    pygame.init ()
    if full_screen:
        gameDisplay = pygame.display.set_mode ((display_width, display_height),
                                                pygame.FULLSCREEN)
    else:
        gameDisplay = pygame.display.set_mode ((display_width, display_height))

    touchgui.set_display (gameDisplay, display_width, display_height)
    controls = buttons () + glyphs ()

    gameDisplay.fill (touchgui.palette.black)
    while True:
        grid = button_grid (cell_size)
        forms = controls + grid
        touchgui.select (forms, event_test, finished)
```

## Extending touchgui: adding a worldspawn button

- at this point the call back worldspawn is in place
  - worldspawn can be made turn on worldspawn mode
- then callback can be modified to detect this mode and add the appropriate tile
- hint it might be sensible to use an indirect function
  - empty\_cell\_click
  - which is initially set to empty\_to\_wall
  - and can be changed to empty\_to\_worldspawn
- this technique allows touchmap to be extended to place hellknights,imps, ticks and pickups

## Local images

- local images should be placed inside the `touchmap` directory
  - for example: `touchmap-0.1/images`
  - these images are kept in the source directory `touchmap-0.1`
- our build occurs in: `build-touchmap`
  - therefore the `Makefile.am` needs to have rules inside it to copy the images from the into the build directory

## Build directory

- should be treated as volatile
  - can be destroyed and created
- therefore all assets and source files **must** be kept in the `touchmap-0.1` directory

## autotools

- are used to configure and maintain the building rules
  - see `Makefile.am` and `configure.ac`
- the file `Makefile.am` contains the building rules
- in our case we just need extend `Makefile.am` to copy the image from the source directory into the build directory

## autotools

- `touchmap-0.1/Makefile.am`

```
all: doorh.png doorv.png doorh-bw.png doorv-bw.png \
    wallh.png wallv.png wallh-bw.png wallv-bw.png \
    newname.png

newimage.png: $(srcdir)/images/newimage.png
    convert $< t1.pnm
    pnmscale -xsize=100 -ysize=100 t1.pnm > t.pnm
    pnmtopng t.pnm > $@
    $(RM) t.pnm t1.pnm
```

■ `touchmap-0.1/Makefile.am`

```
all: doorh.png doorv.png doorh-bw.png doorv-bw.png hinge.h
    wallh.png wallv.png wallh-bw.png wallv-bw.png \
    newname.png
newimage.png: $(srcdir)/images/newimage.png
    cp -p $< $@ # this line must start with a tab character
```

- attempt to modify your `touchmap.py` file and add a `worldspawn` button
- change `callback` to call an indirect function `empty_cell_click`
  - this should be a global variable which is initialised at the beginning of the module
  - it should default to creating a wall from an empty space
  - it should be changed by the `worldspawn` button to call a `worldspawn` character into the `cell_array`
  - see if you can make this new function generate a `worldspawn` tile